## Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

- CCC, liquidated damages shall be assessed on the quantity of the commodity that is involved in the violation.
- (b) If CCC determines that the producer:
- (1) Acted in good faith when the violation occurred, liquidated damages will be assessed by multiplying the quantity involved in the violation by:

(i) 10 percent of the loan deficiency payment rate for the first offense; or

(ii) 25 percent of the loan deficiency payment rate for the second offense.

(2) Did not act in good faith about the violation, or for cases other than the first or second offense, liquidated damages will be assessed by multiplying the quantity involved in the violation by 25 percent of the loan deficiency payment rate.

- (c) For violations to which paragraph (b)(1) of this section applies, the producer must repay the loan deficiency payment applicable to the loan deficiency quantity incorrectly certified, and charges, plus interest applicable to the amount repaid. If the producer fails to pay such amounts within 30 days from the date of notification, the producer must repay the entire loan deficiency payment and charges plus interest
- (d) For violations to which paragraph (b)(2) of this section applies, the producer shall repay of the entire loan deficiency payment and charges plus interest.
- (e) CCC may waive the liquidated damages taken applicable to paragraph (b) of this section if the CCC determines that the violation occurred inadvertently, accidentally, or unintentionally.
- (f) If, for any violation to which paragraph (b) of this section applies, the county committee determines that CCC's interest is not or will not be protected, the county committee shall:
- (1) Call the producer's farm-stored loans:
- (2) Deny future farm-stored loans for the current and 2 following crop years;
- (3) Deny loan deficiency payments for the current and 2 following crop years unless production evidence is presented to CCC. Depending on the severity of the violation, the county committee may deny future farm-stored loan and

loan deficiency payments without production evidence.

- (g) If the county committee determines that the producer has committed a violation, the county committee shall notify the producer in writing that:
- (1) The producer has 30 calendar days to provide evidence and information regarding the circumstances that caused the violation, to the county committee; and
- (2) Administrative action will be taken under this section.
- (h) If the amount disbursed under loan deficiency payments exceeds the amount authorized by this part, the producer shall be liable for repayment of such excess and charges, plus interest.
- (i) In the case of joint loan deficiency payments, the personal liability for the amounts specified in this section shall be joint and several on the part of each producer signing the loan deficiency payment application.
- (j) Any or all of the liquidated damages assessed under the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section may be waived as determined by CCC.

## Subpart D—Grazing Payments for 2002–2007 Crop of Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale

SOURCE: 66 FR 13404, Mar. 6, 2001, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 67 FR 63511, Oct. 11, 2002.

## § 1421.300 Applicability.

- (a) The regulations in this subpart are applicable to the 2002–2007 crops of eligible acreage planted to wheat, barley, oats or triticale that is grazed by livestock and not harvested in any other manner. This subpart sets forth the terms and conditions under which a grazing payment in lieu of a loan deficiency payment will be made by CCC.
- (b) The form that is used in administering these payments is available in State and county FSA offices and shall be prescribed by CCC.

[66 FR 13404, Mar. 6, 2001. Redesignated and amended at 67 FR 63511, 63523, Oct. 11, 2002]